Community Coordinated Modeling Center Workshop

Maui HPCC, October 29 - November 1, 2001

RELEVANCE & IMPORTANCE OF THE

COMMUNITY COORDINATED MODELING CENTER

TO THE AIR FORCE



Col Michael Jamilkowski

Asst. for Environmental Monitoring

HQ USAF Directorate of Weather

U.S. AIR FORCE



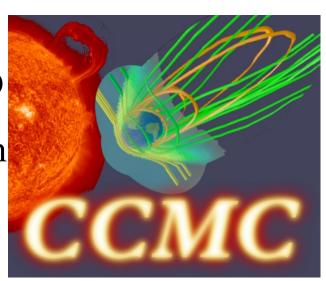


Background

- Space Weather Importance to DoD
- Current DoD SWx Support System
- Requirements Present & Future
- Directions and Strategy



Summary/Conclusion

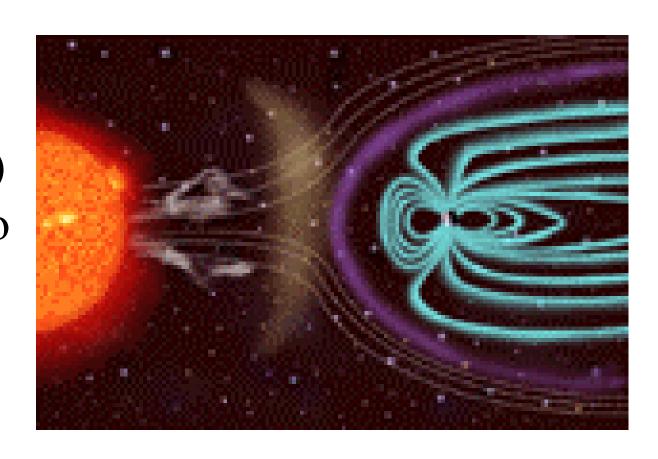




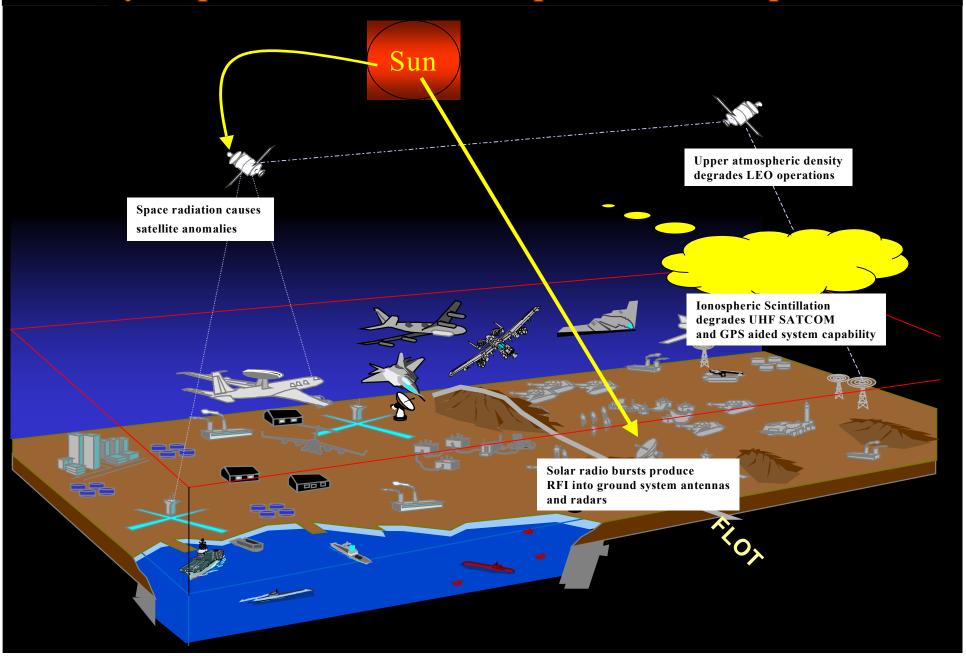
CCMC Importance to DoD

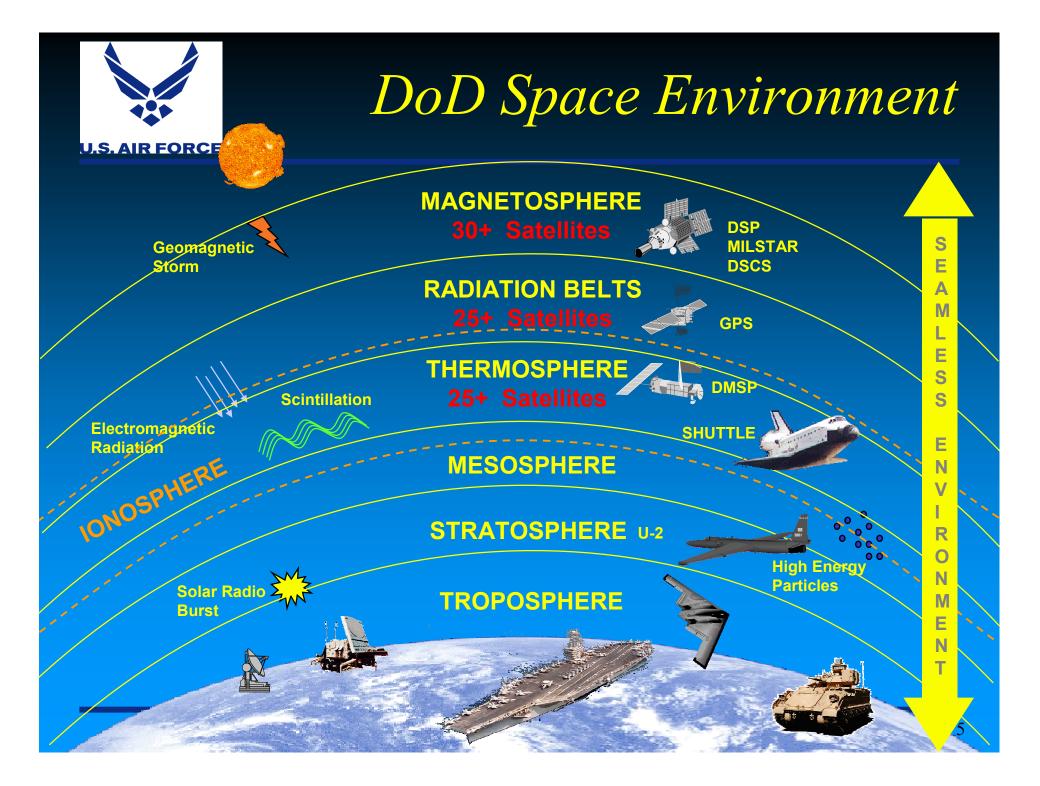
Space
Weather

(Operational)
Importance to
Department
of Defense



Today's Space Environment Impacts to DoD Operations





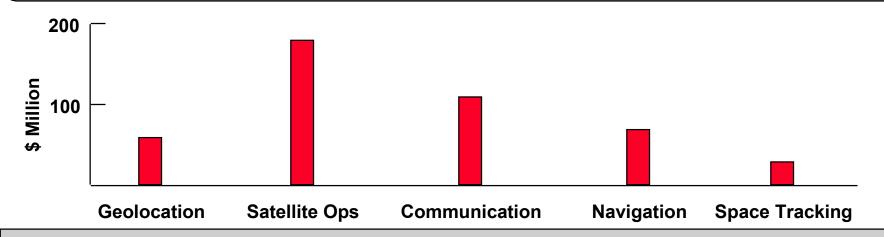


SWx Significance: Costs

Mission-Impacting Effects of Space Weather

- Degrades Target Geolocation
- Disrupts Satellite Operations
- Interrupts Communications

- Impedes Navigation
- Affects Space Tracking
- Damages Power Grids



DoD Funding Targeted to Help Mitigate Space Weather Effects

- Improvement in Space Weather Operations Could Decrease These Costs By ~10%
 - Additional Savings During A Conflict: Better INTEL, Comm, Bombs on Target
 - Potential to Save A Satellite During The Most Severe Space Weather



• AF Weather has mission to provide space weather analyses, forecasts, and warnings to DoD operators and decision makers

• Continued reliance on X-ray and energetic particle

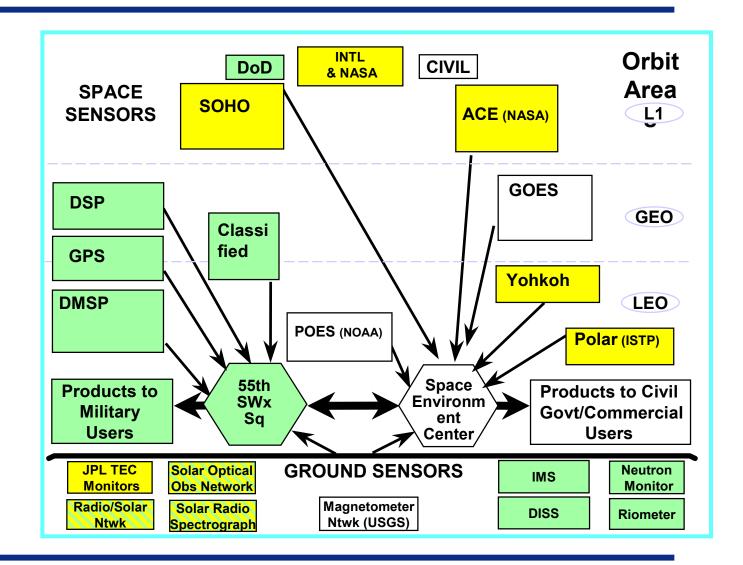
sensors for real-time warnings

 Solar X-Ray Imager (SXI) will improve AFW capabilities for monitoring and forecasting solar events



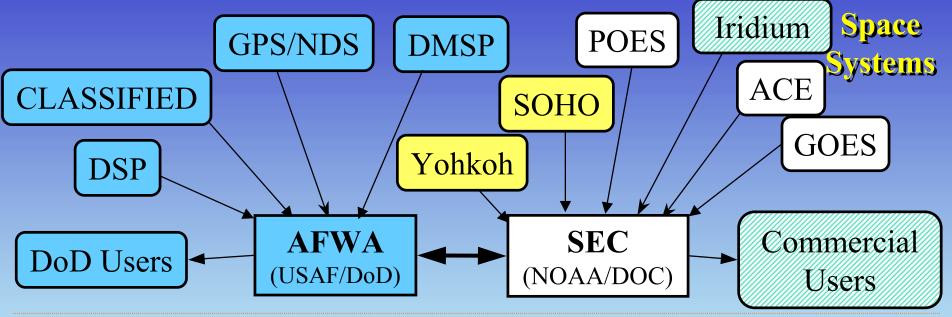
CCMC Importance to DoD

Current
DoD
Space
Weather
(SWx)
Support
System





Current Space Weather Support System



Ground Stations

- Solar Optical Observing Network (4)
- Radio Solar Telescope Network (4)
- Digital Ionospheric Sounding Sys (16)
- Ionospheric Measuring System (5)
- Neutron Monitor (1)
- Riometer (1)

- Canadian Radio Observatory
- Australian Observatory
- Australian Ionospheric Network (5)

DoD Commercial Civil
International/NASA

- National Solar Observatories (2)
- JPL TEC Monitors (25)
- Archival Center
- USGS Magnetometer Network (13)

Integrity - Service - Excellence



WEATHER SUPPORT

Real-Time Accurate Relevant

- Long-range planning
- Troop deployments
- Course of action development

Climatology air & space

- Strategy Development
- AEF & Force Deployment

Weather people, weather information involved at every level

5-day global / theater / space wx forecast

- CINC Guidance Letter
- Shape of the Battlefield
- Defensive / Offensive Planning

Operational Area Forecast (air & space wx impacts)

- Build Tasking Order; Weapon Selection

- Mission Planning

- AEF Employment; BDA

Planning forecasts (air & space,

mission-specific)

- Tactic Selection
- EOTDA / COMMS

Target / enroute air & space forecasts (go / no-go)

- Brief Crew

Bombs on Target/BDA

H-30 Days

H-120 Hours

H-72 Hours

H-36 Hours

H-12 Hours

H-3 Hours

H-Hour



RAPID EVENT WARNINGS

- SOLAR FLARES
 - (X-RAY & RADIO BURSTS)
- PROTON EVENTS
- GEOMAGNETIC STORMS



SHORT OR LONG RANGE FORECASTS

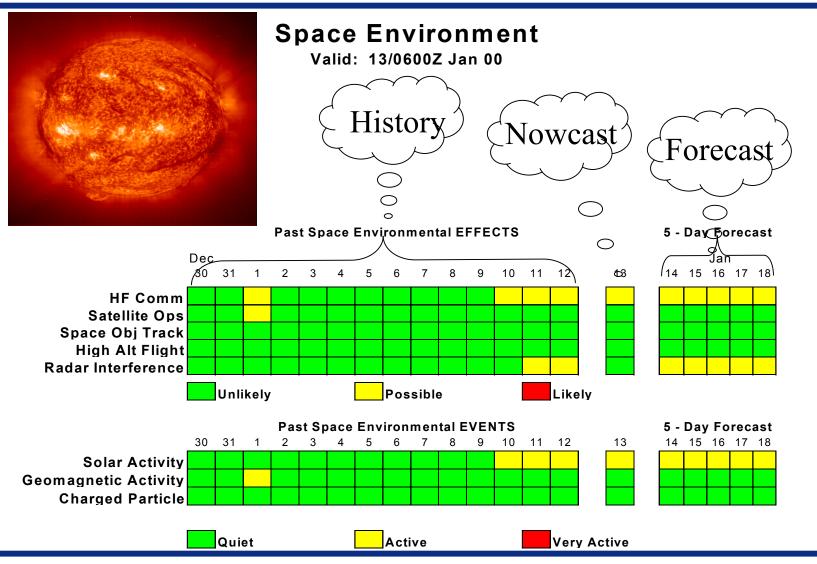
- GENERAL LEVEL OF SOLAR/GEOMAGNETIC ACTIVITY
- SPECIFIC NUMERICAL DATA OR INDICES
- STANDARDIZED OR TAILORED PRODUCTS
- ON-GOING OR ONE-TIME PRODUCTS

POST-ANALYSIS ANOMALY ASSESSMENTS

RADAR, COMMUNICATIONS, & SATELLITES

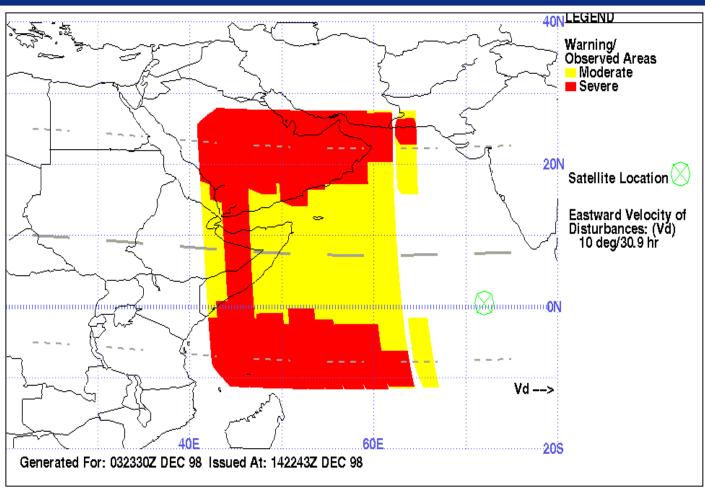


Ongoing Efforts/Products





Transition to Operations

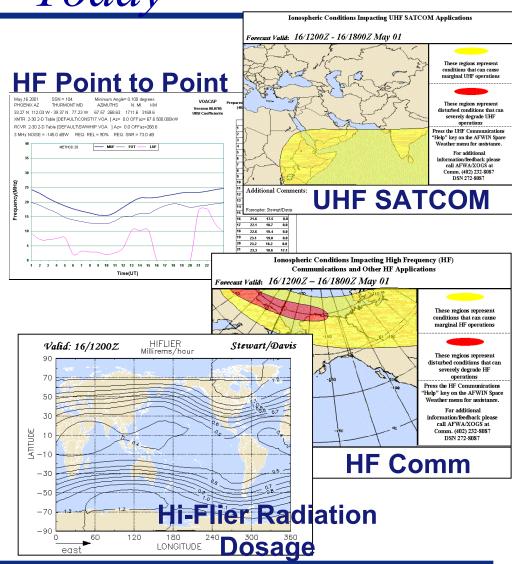


Simple products such as this aid SATCOM use.

Scintillation Network Decision Aid (SCINDA)

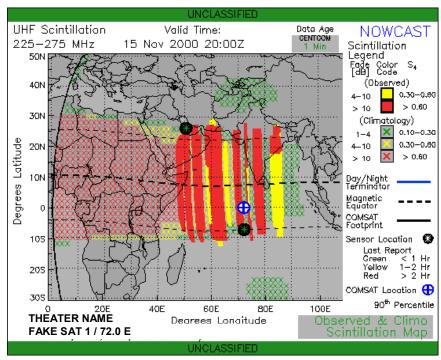


- Applications of
 Environmental Aps
 will only be as good as
 the validity of the
 environmental info
- Some current capabilities shown here
 - Scintillation(WBMOD)
 - -HF





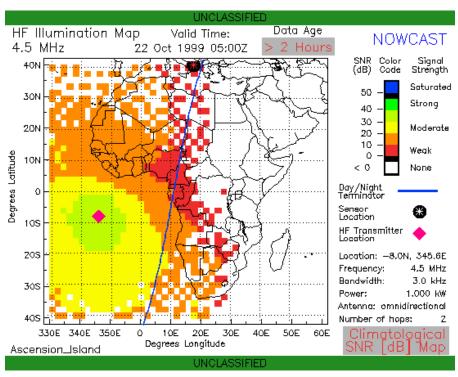
OPSEND Products



UHF Scintillation Maps

AFRL-AFMC Det 11 Rapid Prototyping Center (RPC)

OPSEND products are nowcasts; forecasts are required

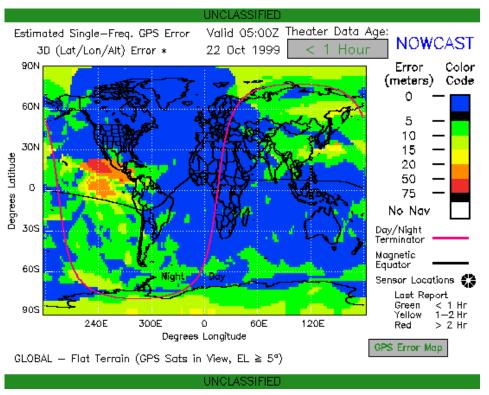


HF Illumination Map

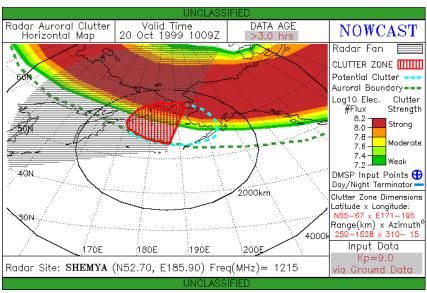


OPSEND Products

GPS Single Frequency Error Maps



AFRL-AFMC Det 11
Rapid Prototyping Center (RPC)



Radar Clutter Maps

- OPSEND Products are standalone today;
 - -- Must be integrated into GPS accuracy maps and radar common operational picture



CCMC Importance to DoD

DoD Space Weather Requirements:

Present and Future







USAF/DoD Space Weather Requirements Documents

- Ionospheric Sensing (IONS) SON 002-80, 21 Mar 80
- Space Envir Technology Transition (SETT) SON 005-86, 28 Mar 86
- MJCS 154-86, Mil Requirements for Defense Envir Satellites, 1 Aug 86
- Space Environmental Monitoring SON 001-83 (Clas), 24 Aug 87
- MNS for Environmental Sensing, AFSPC 035-92, 6 Jan 93
- Space Weather CRD, draft Nov 97, HQ USSPACE
- Space Weather Analysis and Forecast System (SWAFS) ORD, Jan 00
- MNS for Capability to Effectively Integrate Space
 Envir Info into DoD Operations, AFSPC 003-00 Draft
- AFSPC Mission Area Plan (Clas), Aug 01
- NPOESS IORD II, Oct 2001

SON: Statement of Operational Need

MJCS: Memorandum of the Joint Chiefs of Staff

MNS: Mission Need Statement

CRD: Capstone Requirements Document

ORD: Operational Requirements Document

IORD: Integrated Operational Requirements Document

AFSPC: Air Force Space Command

DoD: Department of Defense



Requirements vs Current Capability

Requirements	Supported Mission Area	Current Support Capability
Scintillation	Comm, PNT, BMD, ISR	ecification (-) Warning Forecast
Electron Density	Comm, PNT, BMD, ISR	pecification Forecast (-)
Radiation and Charging	Spacecraft High Altitude Flight	ecification (-) Warning Forecast
Neutral Density	BMD, ISR	Forecast (-)
GIC	Electric Power Spec	cification (+) Warning
RFI	BMD, ISR Spec	cification (+) Warning Forecast
Aurora Clutter	ISR	pecification Warning 100



DoD SWx Needs Evolution

<u>Past</u>	<u>Present</u>	<u>Future</u>
Surveillance & Comms		
Weapons Support, Space	e Station, Power Grids—	
	Space Control	
	Weapons De	elivery

Increased Demands	Example System Impacts	
•Coverage	Scintillation limits space-based radar coverage	
•Timeliness Radiation limits processing for direct down		
•Accuracy Electron density causes geolocation errors		
•C ²	Scintillation breaks space-based cell phone links	
Situational Awareness	ISR satellite failures to charging	



Future Needs vs Architecture Vector

Future Needs	Supported Missi	on Area	Future Support Capability
Scintillation	Comm, PNT, BMD, ISR	Specific	cation (+) Warning Forecast
Electron Density	Comm, PNT, BMD, ISR	Specific	cation (+) Warning Forecast
Radiation and Charging	Spacecraft High Altitude Flight	Specific	cation (+) Warning (+) Forecast (-)
Neutral Density	BMD, ISR	Specific	cation (+) Warning Forecast
GIC	Electric Power	Specific	ication (-) Warning Forecast (-)
RFI	BMD ISR	Specif	ification Warning Forecast
Aurora Emissions	Comm, ISR	Specific	ication (+)

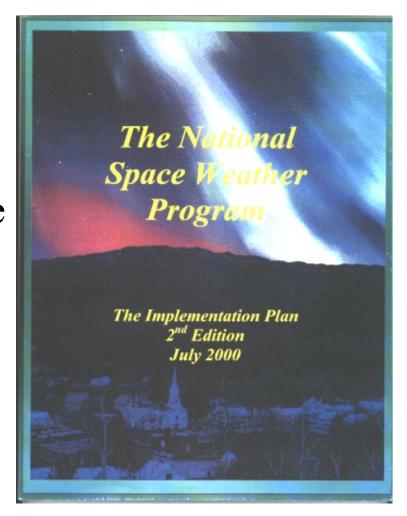


Space-Based Infrared System (SBIRS) Space-Based Radar (SBR) Space-Based Laser (SBL) Space-Based NBC Detection System **GPS Block IIF/III** Advanced MILSATCOM Systems **Space X-Vehicle Space-Based Range SBIRS Low** Nanosatellites/Picosatellites



Future Expanding Requirements

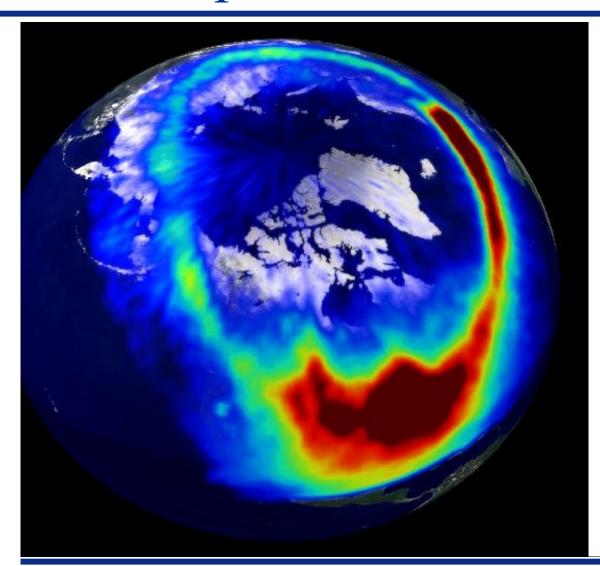
- DoD Requirements consistent with:
 - National Security Space
 Architect's (NSSA) Space
 Weather Architecture
 Study and
 - National Space WeatherProgram (NSWP)Implementation Plan





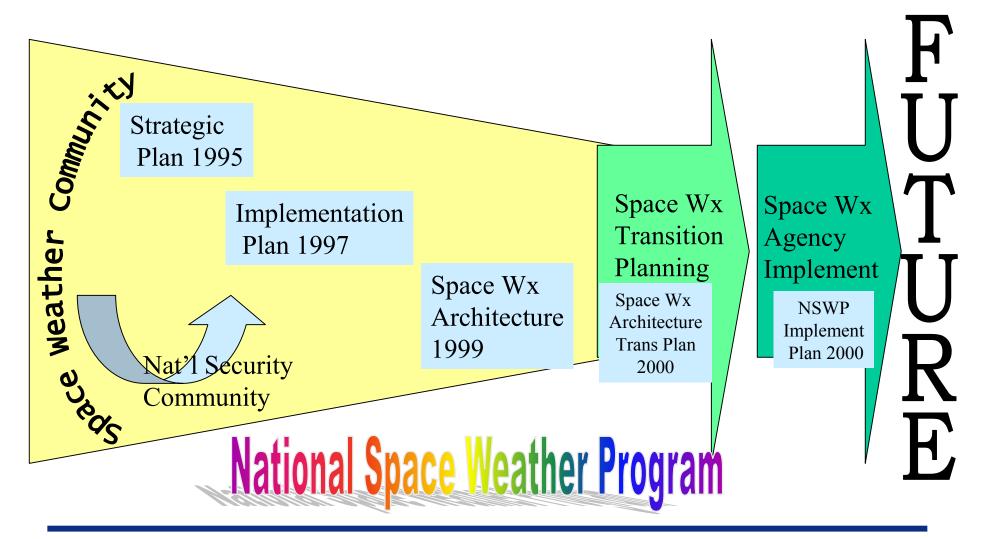
CCMC Importance to DoD

DoD Space
Weather
Directions
and Strategy





USG Space Weather Roadmap





NSSA SWx Architecture Study: <u>Recommendations</u>

- 1. Pursue the Space Weather Architecture Vector
 - 2. Space Weather Importance Awareness
 - 3. Develop and Update SWx Requirements
- 4. Coordinated Space Weather Architecture Acquisition
 - 5. Consolidate and Expand Archival System
 - 6. Integrated User Information
 - 7. Evolve to an Integrated Space Weather Center
- 8a. Provide a Robust R&D to Develop operational Capabilities

8b. Leverage R&D Missions

9a. Provide Timely Data to Space Control Mission

9b. Incorporate Man-made Effects on SWx Architecture



NSSA SWx Architecture Study: SWx Transition Plan Actions

Recommendation 1: Space Weather Architecture Vector

- Increase emphasis on Operational Model development
- Ensure improved Operational Capabilities based on User Needs
 - National Security priorities include Ionospheric and Radiation Environment Specifications and Forecasts
 - Civil priorities also include Geomagnetic Warnings and Forecasts
- Evolve to Improved Forecast Capabilities, as phenomenology is better understood, models mature and user needs are better defined

Main Actions

- <u>Sensors</u>: Design and deploy new/improved SWx space- and groundbased sensors
- Models: Develop and implement advanced SWx operational models
- Funding: Align funding with prioritized SWx project list



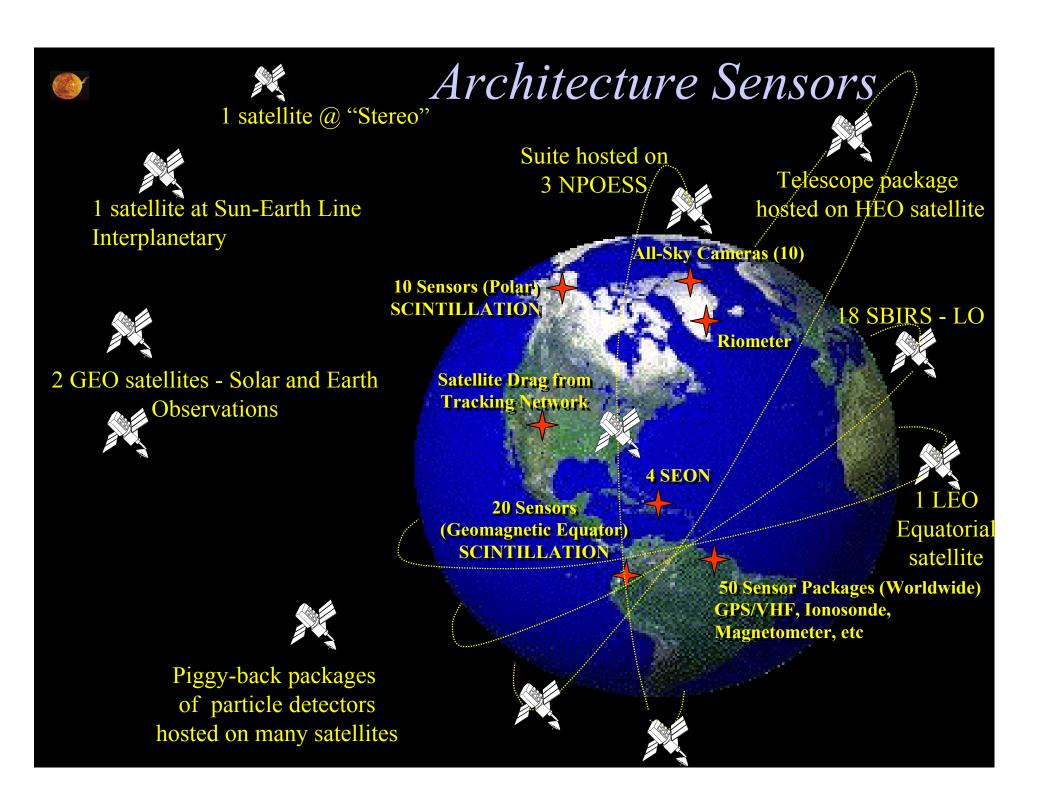
NSSA SWx Architecture Study: SWx Transition Plan Actions

Recommendation 8: Space Weather Research & Development

- Provide a Robust Space Weather Research and Development Program
- Develop and Implement Standardized Processes to rapidly and efficiently Transition R&D into needed Operational Products
- Continue to Leverage Research and Development Missions
 - Enhance Operational Products until Operational Systems are ready

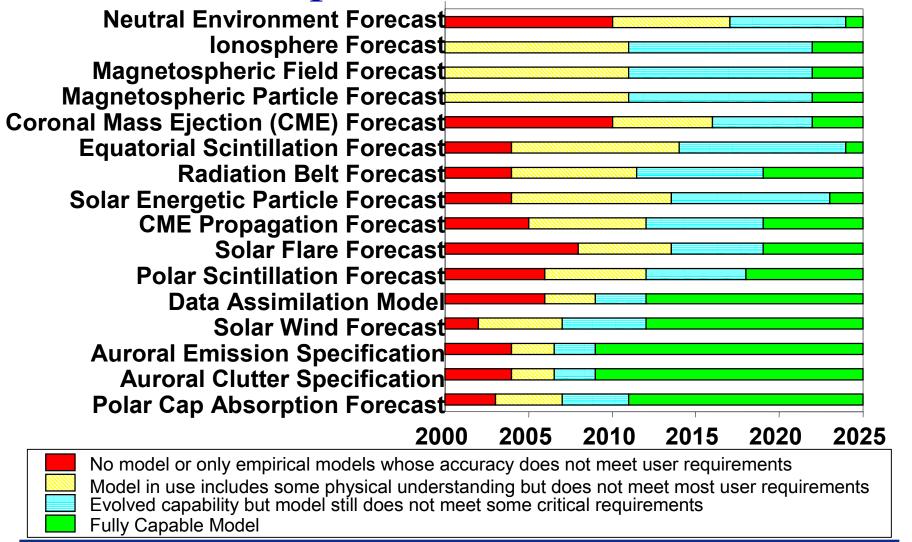
Main Actions

- Document space weather operational deficiencies and articulate to R&D community to facilitate leveraging opportunities
- Review NASA, DoD and commercial R&D missions for applicability to current operations
- Coordinate and plan R&D among all the stakeholders
- Conduct R&D for SWx Models and Sensors
- Integrate data/products from R&D missions into SWx support operations





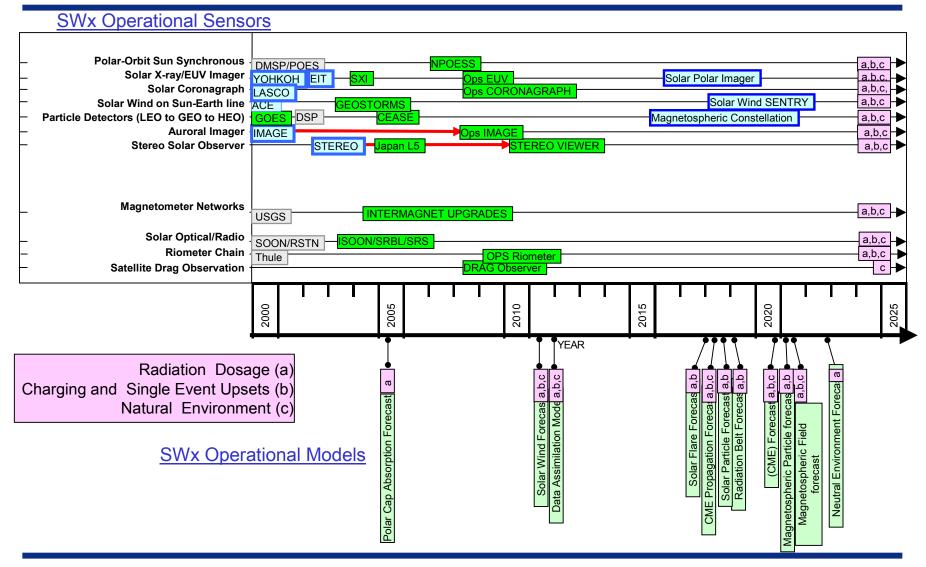
NSSA SWx Architecture Study: Operational Models Timelines





NSSA SWx Architecture Study: Sat Ops Implementation w/Models Timeline

U.S. AIR FORCE





CCMC Importance to USAF

- Top Reasons CCMC Is Important To USAF:
 - Supports Space Weather Vision & Initiatives
 - Supports SWx Operationalization & Mainstreaming
 - Helps Bridge Science/Research-to-Operations Gap
 - Essential to NSSA SWx Architecture Capability
 Improvement Recommendations
 - Multi-Agency is Smart Way to Fulfill USG SWx
 Requirements





U.S. RCE AIR FORCE U.S. AIR FORCE SPACE WEATHER VISION



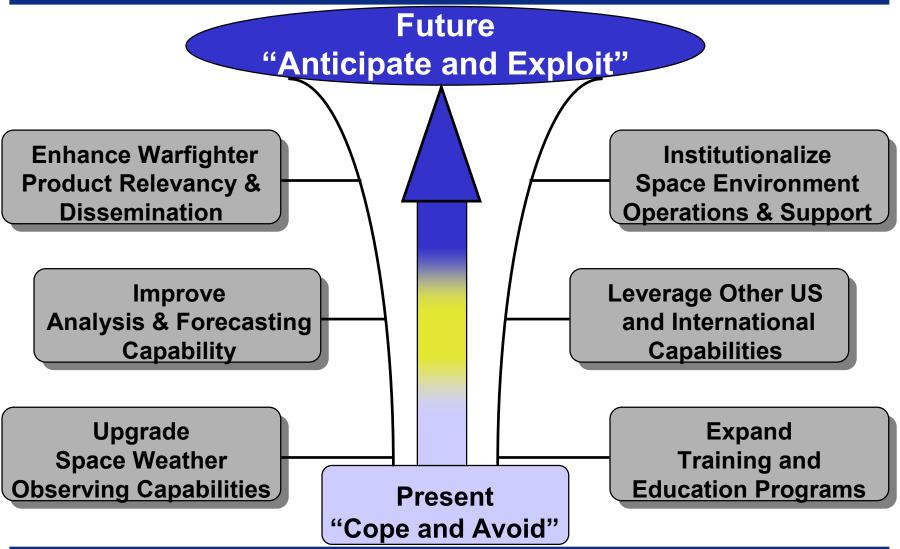


"Relevant space weather observations and forecasts... provided to every DoD unit affected by space weather... with forward weather forces identifying support needs and tailoring products."





USAF SWx U.S. AIR FORCE Operationalization Summary





AF SWx Program Initiatives

Near-to-Mid Term Acquisition Strategy

98 99 00 01 02 03 04 05

Solar Observing

Solar Radio Spectrometer

Solar Radio Burst Locator

Solar X-Ray Imager

Improved Solar Optical Observing Network

GeoSpace Observing

Compact Environmental Anomaly Sensor Comm/Nav Outage Forecast System

Analysis/Forecast

SWx Product Improvements

Space Weather Analysis & Forecast Syst.

Space Weather Restructuring.



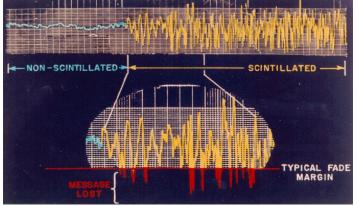


CCMC Objectives and Potentials:

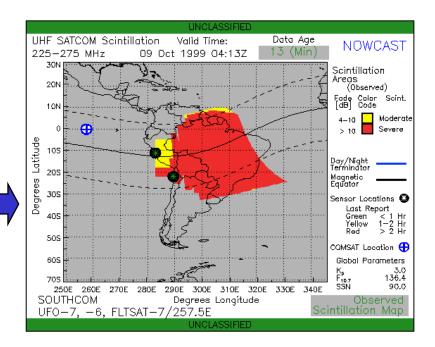
- Provide comprehensive process coordinating basic research, model development, and transition to operations
- Facilitate research coordination
- Couple space environment research domains
- Stimulate coordination among players & stakeholders
- Serve to align basic research strategies among agencies
- Catalyst for synergy between research and operations
- Provide comprehensive validation process for models
- Provide common development criteria for models
- Simplify effort required to make models operational



Bridging "Research-to-Ops" Gap: Science-to-Ops Transition

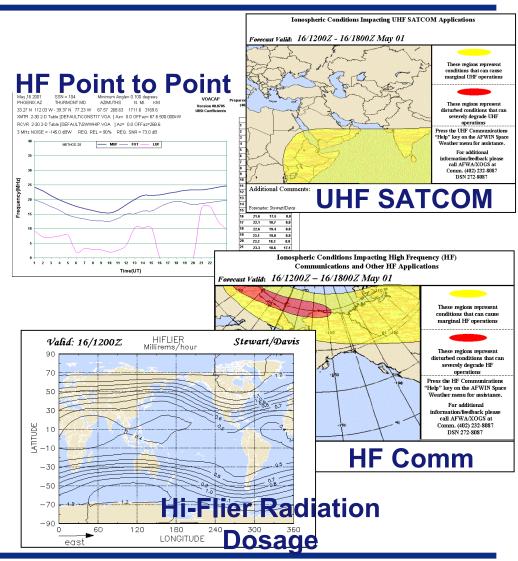


Situational Awareness and **Planning for Assured Access**





- Validate space weather products
- Improve and tailor space weather products so customers can easily understand the message
- Integrate space
 weather information
 into warfighter
 systems



• Modeling and egrity - Service - Excellence



NSSA SWx Architecture Study: Architecture Vector Capabilities

Priority Domains	Canability	Essential Capability Adds:	Desired Capability Adds:
Ionosphere	Capability Proxy Data Climatology	TEC/EDP Spec. In Real Time Scintillation Forecasts	Greater Confidence Long Term TEC/EDP
CCMC	<mark>Sparse Real Data</mark>	Periodic Global Coverage	Forecasts
Radiation	Climatology Post Event Data Sparse Coverage	Some Forecast Real-time Data Full Coverage of All Orbits	Greater Confidence Forecasts

Multi-Agency: Smart Way to Fulfill USG Needs



CCMC

"A multi-agency partnership to enable, support, and perform the research and development for next generation space science and space weather models"









Multi-Agency: Smart Way to Fulfill USG Needs

COMMUNITY COORDINATED MODELING CENTER

- Exploit scientific research models to accomplish Space Weather objectives
- Provide broad research community access to scientific model results ("open model policy")
- Facilitate broad-based testing, combination and improvements of research models using government high-performance computing
- Deliver science-tested models to government sponsored Rapid Prototyping Centers for Space Weather Applications



Multi-Agency Benefits

- Integrated SWx modeling approach from basic research (CCMC) thru prototyping (RPC's) to warfighter support
- Complies with documents calling for modernization of the nation's space weather forecast capability
- Leverages multi-agency funds and resources
- Synergy with other Science and Technology efforts
- Implements NSWP guidance and achieves NASA/AF partnership objectives
- Fosters and enhances basic science missions
- Develops next-generation science & forecasting tools
- Synergy with other ongoing activities



CCMC Importance to DoD Summary & Conclusions

• CCMC is important to the USAF strategy to improve space weather capabilities & support to warfighters.

• Bottom Line:

 CCMC will improve AFWA's operational tools/models since AF does not have a dedicated center to bridge the gap between universities, research orgs and operations.



